

# THE ARIZONA REPUBLICAN.

The Only Paper Between Galveston, Texas, and Los Angeles, California, that Publishes the Full Dispatches of the Associated Press.

VOL. I.

PHOENIX, SATURDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 11, 1890.

NO. 146

## HARRISON AT TOPEKA

### He Addresses the Grand Army Veterans.

### Returning Home by Way of Kansas City.

### Shakes Hands with a Multitude Until Exhausted—Reaches St. Louis This Morning.

ATCHISON, Kan., October 10.—President Harrison arose early this morning. When St. Joe was reached, Custer Post of the Grand Army of the Republic was drawn up in line. They made a passage for the President and acted as his escort until the neighboring hotel was reached. Here a public reception was held.

AT TOPEKA. Topeka, October 10.—The stop of the Presidential party at Atchison was brief. The President was almost buried in the flowers showered on him by the school children.

Brief stops were made at several points and Topeka was reached at 10:30. Senator Ingalls received the party and Governor Humphrey and he escorted them to the State House, where they reviewed an immense parade, which was over two hours in getting by. It was composed of United States troops from Fort Leavenworth, State militia, Grand Army Posts and Sons of Veterans.

The Kansas Grand Army of the Republic is now holding a reunion here and there were nearly 30,000 veterans in line. They kept up a frantic cheering as they passed the President. Quite a number of them were old Indians and members of the President's brigade. When he recognized many of them and called them by name the enthusiasm knew no bounds.

After lunch, the President received many old veterans, the State and city officials and prominent citizens. The party then proceeded to the fair grounds, where Governor Humphrey delivered an address of welcome.

The President responded at length, thanking the Governor and citizens of Kansas for the generous welcome and expressed gratification at the evidence of prosperity on every hand. To the old veterans he said he was more pleased than he could express to see so many of them present, and hoped that many years might crown the brave defenders of the Union.

The President further said: "Who can look upon this vast army of soldiers who fought to a victorious consummation of the war for the Union, without bowing his head and heart in grateful reverence. (Great applause.) Who can look upon these Sons of Veterans, springing from a patriotic ancestry, full of the spirit of '61, and coming into the vigor and strength of manhood to take up the burdens that we must soon lay down, and who, turning from these sweet-faced children whose fathers fought for them, to the old men and women who have seen the institutions of liberty are secure for two generations at least? (Great cheering.)

"The nation's future is safe, if we be true to ourselves, and true to these children, whose institutions are committed to us. There is no other foe that can at all obstruct or hinder our onward progress, except treason in our midst and treachery to that great fundamental principle of our Government, which is obedience to law. The law, the will of the majority, expressed in orderly constitutional manner, is the only king to which we belong. (Prolonged cheers.) But to him all must bow."

"Let it be understood in all your communities that no selfish interest of individuals, no class interests, however entrenched, shall be permitted to assert their convenience against the law. Cries of 'good, good,' and cheering. This is good American doctrine, and if it can be made to prevail in all the States of the Union until every man is secure under the law in his own rights, is compelled by the law to yield to every other man his rights, nothing can shake our republic. (Cheers.)

"There is some grumbling in Kansas and I think it is because your advantages are too great. (Laughter.) A single year of disappointment in agricultural returns should not make you despair of the future nor tempt you to unwise experiments. It is made up of averages, and I think yours will show a good average. (Cries of 'good, good,' and cheering.) Let us look forward with hope, with courage, fidelity, thrift, patience, good neighborly hearts and patriotic love for the flag. Kansas and her people have an assured and a happy future." (Great cheering.)

Senator Ingalls, ex-Governor Anthony and others spoke briefly and then the Presidential party left for Kansas City. A VISIT TO KANSAS CITY. Kansas City, October 10.—The Presidential train arrived here at 5:45, under the escort of Hon. William Warner, Mayor Holmes and other distinguished gentlemen and committees.

The President and party were driven around the city somewhat and finally taken to the Coates House. Here a magnificent banquet was tendered President Harrison, Secretary Tracy, the President's brother, John S. Harrison, and the remainder of the Presidential party.

Before the conclusion of the banquet, the President retired to visit the residence of his brother. He is a much younger man than the President, and, strange to say, is a Democratic politician.

Before leaving the President spoke briefly, excusing himself, saying in conclusion that he hoped all the dreams for Kansas City may be realized.

After his return from the residence of his brother the President was given a reception at the Kansas City Chamber of Commerce. It was enthusiastic, and thousands of people were present.

Hon. William Warner introduced the President, who, he said, would submit himself to any arrangement that the committee had made.

It was submission to a sacrifice, but, during the next hour, the President was compelled to shake hands with a multi-

tude until he was completely exhausted, and then not half the people had gained the honor they sought.

At 10 o'clock the President and party left for St. Louis.

### STRICKEN BY PARALYSIS.

Supreme Justice Miller Lying at Washington in a Precarious Condition.

WASHINGTON, October 10.—United States Supreme Court Justice Miller was stricken with paralysis this afternoon. His mind remains clear.

He was returning from the Supreme Court room, and when within sight of his residence was seen to stagger and fall. His servant, John Woodford, who saw him, quickly got him home and Drs. Cook and Lincoln were soon in attendance. They found the left side of the Justice was paralyzed, but he was still able to recognize those about him. He is in a serious condition.

### NOT SO FAVORABLE.

WASHINGTON, October 10, 11 p. m.—Dr. Lincoln has just left Justice Miller. He says the Justice's condition is not nearly so favorable as it was two hours ago, and that the case is now very serious.

### HEAVY CANNON.

War Department Advertising for Bids for Their Construction.

WASHINGTON, October 10.—Advertisements for proposals have been issued from the War Department, under provision of the fortification act, passed last session, for furnishing twenty-five eight-inch, fifty-two-inch and twenty-five twelve-inch steel guns. The advertisement stipulates that one-fourth of these guns may be constructed on the Pacific Coast.

Proposals will be received until December 18. It is specified that proposals will be received for six of the twelve-inch guns on the Pacific Coast.

### A DREADFUL WRECK.

LOSS OF THE TURKISH FRIGATE ERTZOGROUL.

Founders Off the Japan Coast—A Boiler Explosion the Cause—But Few Survivors Reached the Shore.

SAN FRANCISCO, October 10.—The steamship Belgic arrived this morning from Hong Kong and Yokohama. Concerning the loss of the Turkish frigate Ertzogroul, Japanese papers attribute the cause of the disaster to an explosion of her boilers, caused by the rush of cold water from an opening made by the vessel in striking against some rocks off Kashinaki lighthouse during a gale.

According to the reports of survivors who were brought to Kobe on September 18, a gale sprang up off Kashinaki, 200 miles from Yokohama, and a heavy sea began running. Suddenly a terrific noise was heard, and all was confusion. The men and officers were mostly below in their berths. Those not immediately killed rushed up to find that what remained of the vessel was foundering. Captain Ali Bey was seen on the bridge a moment with a lamp in his hand, and was heard to cry out: "Save yourselves!" Then he disappeared and was seen no more. Navigating Officer Noori Bey also perished. The chief engineer was almost the first to die. He went from the cabin to the engine room just before the explosion, and was literally blown to atoms.

The vessel was soon full of debris, in which men fought and struggled for life. Osman Pasha, Admiral, was swimming toward shore when he was struck on the head by a spar and sank out of sight. Out of a total of 600 souls only six officers and fifty-seven of the crew reached land. Many of these were badly injured that they are not expected to recover.

The vessel is an old one and was formerly used as a training vessel. The engines were of English make and bore date of 1855. The frigate was overhauled before she started for Japan, and it was intended that most of her voyage should be made under sail. Her going ashore in Suez Canal necessitated docking for repairs, and her detention in quarantine at Yokohama was ordered on account of cholera aboard. All these delays occupied months and changed the original plan.

Subscriptions were opened for the relief of the survivors, and Japanese and German gun boats lent all assistance possible. Up to September 21, 130 corpses had been recovered.

### JAPANESE NEWS.

Steamer and Sailing Vessel Founder on the Coast—Political Affairs.

SAN FRANCISCO, October 10.—By advice brought from Japan by the steamer Belgic it is learned that the steamer Musashi Maru, which foundered during a gale, September 15, together with Captain Fraham and fifty men, was the latest addition to the fleet of the Nippon Yusen Kaisha Company and was the strongest carrier on the coast of Japan. The vessel was built at Renfrew in December, 1888, and cost about \$30,000.

It was reported that the sailing ship Torinobu Maru, belonging to the same company, has been lost in Kii channel, and only five lives have been saved out of thirty.

The subject of treaty revision, in order to place foreigners under the jurisdiction of Japanese courts, occupies public attention, and the protest of a body of 300 foreigners, mainly English residents, who met in Yokohama September 11, is being discussed at length by the Japanese press.

### NO ITALIAN EXHIBIT.

America's New Tariff Bill Made the Excuse for Refusing.

ROME, October 10.—The committee appointed to arrange for a proper representation of Italian art and industry at the International Exhibition in Chicago in 1893, has dissolved, having decided that any further efforts to accomplish the work for which it was formed would be useless.

It was stated that the committee found, in view of the new United States tariff law, very few manufacturers or others who were willing to send exhibits to Chicago.

## GOVERNMENT LANDS

### Commissioner Groff Makes His Report.

### Vast Extent Appropriated of the Public Domain.

### Recommends That Suitable Laws Be Enacted to Protect Public Timber from Pillage.

WASHINGTON, October 10.—The annual report of Commissioner of the General Land Office Groff shows that the number of agricultural patents issued during the fiscal year ended June 30, was 117,247, embracing 18,559,520 acres, as against 70,141 issued in 1889, with an aggregate area of 220,526. Of mineral and mill site patents, 1407 were issued, showing an increase in the year of 494. Of coal patents, 224 were issued, an increase of 69 patents, representing 15,376 acres. State school selections aggregate 539,779 acres, selections for the previous year aggregating only 132,350 acres. The acreage of swamp lands patented to the several States during the year was 109,351. There were patented or certified under the law for the benefit of railroad companies during the year 363,862 acres. This is a decrease for the year of 61,183 acres.

The total cash sales during the fiscal year were 3,392,846 acres; original homesteads, timber culture, State selections, school and swamp railroads' selection and other of a miscellaneous character, 9,262,285 acres. The Indian lands disposed of aggregate 13,305 acres, making a grand total of 12,708,837 acres.

The total cash receipts of the office from various sources during the fiscal year were \$7,789,517. Of this amount, \$6,349,174 were received from cash sales. On June 30, 1889, there were 276,750 final entries of all kinds pending, and at the close of the fiscal year 1890 there were 208,269 pending, showing a decrease of 68,481 entries.

Railroad sections amounting to 29,776,955 acres were pending at the close of the year, an increase over the previous year of 332,704 acres. There were also Oregon wagon road selections pending to the amount of 34,942 acres. Exportable mineral entries are in arrears about two and one-half years. Contest cases, quasi contests and ex-parte coal entries are up to date.

The mileage of land grant railroads actually constructed up to the close of the last fiscal year was 18,070 miles. Surveys have been completed after examination in the field of 4,462,692 acres, including, Arizona 597,748 acres, California 162,021, Colorado 473,457, Dakota 93,992, Montana 620,161, Nevada 408,857, New Mexico 237,131, Utah 76,525, Washington 180,122, Florida 2519, Idaho 22,148, Minnesota 144,855, Nebraska 23,659, Oregon 84,100.

Upon the subject of the forests of the public domain, the Commissioner finds that the most valuable timber on the public lands is being rapidly exhausted and that the laws relating to the subject are entirely inadequate to properly protect either the public forests from unlawful appropriation or the interests of settlers. Over \$83,000 were received last year from timber depletion. Provision should be made for the legitimate procuring of timber from the public lands by mill men and lumber manufacturers for sale to a community in the location in which they operate with the lumber and other timber products needed in the settlement thereof, but the exportation of public timber should be prohibited, as also should the exportation of timber from any of the reserved lands and other woodlands at or in the vicinity of headwaters or sources of streams, which for climatic, economic or public reasons should be held permanently as great reserves, exception being made in favor of settlers or miners for their personal necessities.

### INDIAN EDUCATION

Earnestly Discussed at the Lake Monook Conference.

LAKE MONOOK, N. Y., October 10.—At the Lake Monook conference today the subject of what should be the relation of churches to the Federal Government in the work of the education of the Indian race was discussed.

Dr. James M. King, of New York, Secretary of the National League for the Protection of American Liberties, spoke earnestly against granting any appropriations to religious denominations for public education work.

General Armstrong argued that there is no better way than to give aid to contract schools.

Bishop Whipple said that the influence of contract schools has been to uplift the whole character of the Government school. The position of Bishop Whipple was sustained by General Howard, of Chicago, Rev. M. Mitchell, of the Presbyterian Board of Missions, and others.

A speedy separation of Church and State in the matter of Indian education was advocated by Rev. Dr. Foster, of Boston, and very strongly by Dr. Lyman Abbott.

A letter was read from Miss Kate Foote, who has been making an official visit to the Mission Indians of California. Miss Foote said that the Indians are still victims of the greed of their white neighbors.

### LINCOLN'S OLD HOME.

Purchase of An Ancient Log Cabin For Exhibition at the World's Fair.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., October 10.—A special to the American from Danville says: A committee from Chicago in the interest of the World's Fair, visited Washington county, near here, this week and bought from Henry Reed the log cabin in which Abraham Lincoln lived as a boy and where his father was

married to Nancy Hanks, the certificate being preserved there yet in the County Clerk's office.

The price paid for this historic relic was \$1000, and it will be taken down and erected on a prominent site at the World's Fair.

### KILLED BOTH FATHER AND SON.

MINNEAPOLIS, October 10.—In the Menominee iron range, near Republic, Alex Bartlessens, a squatter, and his son were found dead today, riddled with bullets. John Nellis, who asserted a claim to Bartlessens land and had threatened his life, has disappeared.

### DESTRUCTIVE FIRE AT MINNEAPOLIS.

MINNEAPOLIS, October 10.—At Brainerd, Minn., today, two blocks, including the Commercial Hotel, Pioneer House, Catholic church, jail, Catholic parsonage and a number of dwellings and shops were burned. Loss, \$100,000; insurance, \$30,000.

### AN AWKWARD SITUATION.

LONDON, October 10.—Lord Salisbury returned from the Continent last night. Customs officers seized two and a half gallons of spirits and a quantity of cigars, found in his carriage, which had been brought over from Dieppe. The coachman was detained.

### GOVERNMENT CROP REPORT.

WASHINGTON, October 10.—The Government October estimates of the yield per acre of winter wheat is 10.8 bushels; spring wheat, 11.5; wheat crop, 11.1; barley, 21. Condition of corn, 70.6, instead of 70.1, last month.

### THE FRENCH VISITORS.

RICHMOND, Va., October 10.—This morning the Comte de Paris and party left on horseback for a visit to the battle fields of Mechanicsville, Gaines Mill, Cold Harbor and Seven Pines.

### UNION LEAGUE BANQUET

HELD IN LOS ANGELES LAST EVENING.

Resolutions Passed Endorsing Edwin S. Gill in His Candidacy for the Arizona Territorial Assembly.

LOS ANGELES, October 11.—The regular quarterly banquet of the Union League Club was held tonight, at which all the leading Republicans of Los Angeles city and county were present.

T. J. Carran presided as toastmaster. Speeches were made by Col. Walter S. Moore, W. H. Thomas, J. J. Maloney, of San Francisco; H. R. Patrick, President of the Harrison Club, Phoenix, Ariz.; Col. J. J. Broker, of Artesia; Capt. F. N. Marion, Judge R. B. Carpenter, Hervey Lindley, James McLachlan and Judge Smith.

S. G. Millard, after a short speech, introduced the following resolution, which was carried with a cheer:

WHEREAS, Edwin S. Gill, of Phoenix, Ariz., editor of THE ARIZONA REPUBLICAN, and an old member of the Union League Club of Los Angeles, has been nominated for the Territorial Assembly by the Republicans of Maricopa county; therefore, be it

Resolved, that the Union League, of Los Angeles, has heard with pleasure of his nomination, feeling assured that Mr. Gill, if elected, will render efficient services to his party in that Territory, as he has done in California and elsewhere since he entered the political field.

Mr. Gill being present, was called on and responded in a short speech, thanking the league for the honor shown him.

Major Danforth, Post Laureate of the league, read a short poem, which elicited much applause.

The Republicans hold a ratification meeting in honor of their county ticket, at the Armory tomorrow night.

### NEW NATIONAL BANKS.

WASHINGTON, October 10.—The following National Banks have been authorized to commence business: First National Bank, Centralia, Wash., capital \$20,000; Arizona National Bank, Tucson, capital \$50,000.

### FRAGMENTS FOUND MILES AWAY.

WILMINGTON, October 10.—Fragments of the victims of the powder explosion have been picked up miles away from here, the scene of their fearful death.

### CONDENSED TELEGRAMS.

In New York Tammany Hall last night renominated Gary for Mayor.

By an explosion in the protechnic school at Bruges yesterday ten students were killed and nine injured.

Doctor Roberto Saesca, who succeeded to the Presidency of Nicaragua on the death of Carallo, in 1889, has been reelected for four years.

Steve Jacobs, a notorious negro desperado, was executed yesterday at Lumber, N. C., for the murder of three women near there several months ago.

The British Government denies any serious illness among the Grenadier Guards, in Bermuda, there having been only one death from fever in the regiment.

The final session of the Iron and Steel Institute was called to order yesterday at Pittsburgh. A number of papers were read, after which the Institute adjourned.

A corn agent of Pesth, Hungary, has failed, with liabilities of 1,000,000 florins. It is believed that other failures will follow. The trouble is due to the poor season of the harvest.

A west-bound Canadian Pacific passenger train was wrecked forty miles west of Winnipeg, Manitoba, last night. Three colonist cars were badly smashed, but no one was injured.

Lord Cahn was arrested Thursday at Crofton Surrey, England, on complaint of one of his neighbors threatening an assault. Yesterday, in court, Lord Cahn cursed the magistrate and was sent to the workhouse.

In London a number of dock laborers of the Allan company, having refused to abide by the decision of the Executive Board of the union, have been ordered to go to work tomorrow or the union will fill their places.

## THE PACIFIC SLOPE

### Brutal Attack and Robbery at Monterey.

### A San Diego Woman Recovers Damages for Slander.

### Small Blaze at Castroville—Jack Dempsey Writes to San Francisco—National Banks.

SAN FRANCISCO, October 10.—The Chronicle's Monterey special says: Yesterday afternoon Captain E. S. Josselyn, ex-Assemblyman of this county, left Monterey, as usual, for his home, adjoining the gardens of the Del Monte Hotel. As he drove up to the rear of his house two men suddenly appeared and ordered him to halt. Josselyn attempted to jump from his buggy, but tripped and fell to the ground, the men firing two shots at him as he jumped, both missing. Before he could rise the men jumped on him and beat him unmercifully. They then bound him hand and foot, taking about \$30 from his pockets. They locked him in a room and proceeded to ransack the house. This done the robbers returned to him and coolly discussed the question of murdering him. They finally decided to spare his life.

Leaving him bound they cooked dinner and invited Josselyn to join them, but he refused to do so. After dinner they laid around and enjoyed themselves until 3 o'clock this morning, when they went away.

About day break Josselyn succeeded in freeing himself and in giving the alarm. The robbers left here on the morning train for San Jose and are being closely pursued. Should they be captured and brought back, violence is feared, as the citizens are much excited by Josselyn's bruised and wounded condition.

### WARRING WOMEN.

End of a Suit in San Diego, in Which Damages Are Recovered for Slander.

SAN DIEGO, October 10.—Mrs. Fry and Miss Preston are neighbors in the town of Perris, in the California Southern Railroad, north of this city, and they are parties to a suit just ended in the Superior Court. Miss Preston has been given \$1000 damages against Mrs. Fry for slander.

The northern part of the county has been all torn up over the matter for several months. Both parties to the suit formerly lived in Kansas. Miss Preston moved to Perris, and a year or so later Mrs. Fry came to the same town. Very soon reports were circulated which Miss Preston did not like. She caused Mrs. Fry to be brought before Justice Walter for the purpose of signing a denial. This Mrs. Fry would not do and repeated all of her assertions to the Justice, although told not to do so. The suit was therefore instituted.

The defense was that the communication to Judge Walter was a privileged communication, but the court held otherwise.

### A SMALL BLAZE

Wipes Out Some Business Property at Castroville, Cal.

CASTROVILLE, Cal., October 10.—A fire yesterday destroyed in the neighborhood of \$25,000 worth of property.

Those suffering loss are: J. B. H. Cooper, about \$7000; R. Jordan, \$5000; L. B. Keating, \$7000; M. E. Walsh, \$2000; Salinas Lodge, I. O. O. F., \$3000; C. R. Whittier, \$2000; H. D. Grandpe, \$4000. The only insurance was on the Old Fellows' building, which carried \$1500. The property destroyed was all business property, on the main street. The fire is attributed to some tramp setting fire to the barn of Mr. Cooper.

### WIPES OUT SOME BUSINESS PROPERTY AT CASTROVILLE, CAL.

CASTROVILLE, Cal., October 10.—A fire yesterday destroyed in the neighborhood of \$25,000 worth of property.

Those suffering loss are: J. B. H. Cooper, about \$7000; R. Jordan, \$5000; L. B. Keating, \$7000; M. E. Walsh, \$2000; Salinas Lodge, I. O. O. F., \$3000; C. R. Whittier, \$2000; H. D. Grandpe, \$4000. The only insurance was on the Old Fellows' building, which carried \$1500. The property destroyed was all business property, on the main street. The fire is attributed to some tramp setting fire to the barn of Mr. Cooper.

### JACK DEMPSEY HEARD FROM.

SAN FRANCISCO, October 10.—A letter has been received from Jack Dempsey, in which he says he is feeling well and expects soon to arrive in San Francisco, en route to New Orleans, where he will fight Fitzsimmons, before the Olympic Club. He has signed the articles of agreement and forwarded them to President Peterson, of the club.

### SAN FRANCISCO REPUBLICANS.

SAN FRANCISCO, October 10.—The following have been nominated by the Republican County Convention for Superior Judges: D. J. Humphrey, John Hunt, J. McMillan, J. C. Hibbard, J. M. Tront. The last named is to fill the unexpired term of T. K. Wilson, resigned.

### NEW BANK FOR TUCSON.

TUCSON, October 10.—A charter has been granted for the Arizona National Bank, of Tucson, into which the Santa Cruz Valley Bank will be merged, the management being the same.

### WEATHER BUREAU REPORT.

SAN FRANCISCO, October 10.—There will be a light rain at Phoenix tomorrow afternoon.

### UNDER A RECEIVER.

THE INDIANAPOLIS CAR COMPANY ALLEGED TO BE INSOLVENT.

INDIANAPOLIS, October 10.—The Indianapolis Car and Manufacturing Company was placed in the hands of a receiver this afternoon.

John Voorhes, purchasing agent of the company, has filed an action, alleging that he holds the company's promissory note for \$2000, past due. He claims that the company is insolvent, having debts amounting to \$650,000 and assets to but \$600,000. Officials of the company say that with time and judicious management the company can pull through.

### HEAVY PRICES FOR HORSEFEET.

NEW YORK, October 10.—Walbaum's yearlings and horses in training were sold at Morris Park today. The star of

the sale was Kenwood, by Falsetto, who brought \$7000, from J. F. Madden. Blue Rock, by Billet, and Calomet went to William Barriek for \$6050; Bradford, by Imp. Glengary, to W. Jennings for \$3025; Folsom, by Falsetto, to Madden for \$3200. There were several other good sales.

### PACIFIC TALK.

Emperor William Affirms That He Would Spare His Country Another War.

PARIS, October 10.—Gil Blas prints an account of an interview alleged to have been had with Emperor William during his recent visit to Austria.

In this the Emperor is represented as having dilated upon the Teutonic character of the Alsatians, of whom he declared he was very fond. He expressed a desire to reward their loyalty by acts of conciliation, and said it was the duty of Germany to assist Alsatian industry and commerce, and especially the cultivation of her wine. He declared he would embark in no adventures, but would leave Germany to his son as he received it, and would spare the Reichstag the horror of another war.

### McAULIFFE AND SLAVIN ARRESTED.

LONDON, October 10.—The case of Frank Slavin and Joe McAuliffe, the pugilists, charged with taking part in a recent fight at the Ormond Club, came up in Lambeth police court today. The court committed them for trial for engaging in a common prize fight.

### HOW THE TARIFF AFFECTS ENGLAND.

LONDON, October 10.—Gladstone, replying to a query about the new American tariff, says that in his eyes this deplorable error will be attended with severe and cruel consequences to innocent persons. He will speak about it in Midlothian.

### CLATTERING HOOF.

ANOTHER RECORD BROKEN AT TERRE HAUTE.

The Best Team Record Ever Driven Made Yesterday on the Terre Haute Track by Belle Hamlin and Justin.

TERRE HAUTE, October 10.—Another record was broken at the last day of the meeting of the Terre Haute Trotting Association. The attendance was large and the weather perfect.

As announced, Belle Hamlin and Justin as mate, were promptly brought out on time to be driven by W. J. Andrews against the world's record. After scoring several times to get the hang of them, having never before driven them together, he nodded for the world.

The quarter pole was reached 34 1/2, the half in 1:08 1/2 and the three-quarter in 1:42. In the last quarter the speed was increased and, without a skip or wobble, the mile was done strong in 2:15.

Second race, 2:18 trot, for \$1000 (unfurnished from yesterday)—Mocking Bird won, Veritas second, Hendrix third. Best time, 2:16 1/2.

Third race, 2:16 trot—Allerton won, taking the three straight heats as he pleased. In the third heat he lowered his record 1/2 of a second, Ketch second and Dick Smith third. Best time 2:15 1/2.

Fourth race, 2:28 trot, for \$150